SAFETY DATA SHEET



Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier	: Mystik [®] Lithium Extreme Pressure #00-000
Synonyms	: Lubricating grease; CITGO [®] Material Code: 655771002 Formerly known as CITGO [®] Premium Lithium EP Grease Semi-Fluid (655771001)
Material uses	: Lubricating grease
Code	: 655771002
MSDS #	: 655771002

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Not applicable.

Supplier's details	: CITGO Petroleum Corporation P.O. Box 4689 Houston, TX 77210 sdsvend@citgo.com
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: Technical Contact: (800) 248-4684 Medical Emergency: (832) 486-4700 CHEMTREC Emergency: (800) 424-9300 (United States Only)

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the	: Not classified.
substance or mixture	
GHS label elements	
Signal word	: No signal word.
Hazard statements	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Precautionary statements	
General	: Keep out of reach of children.
Prevention	: Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.
Response	: Wash with plenty of soap and water or use a recognized skin cleanser.
Storage	: Store in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. Store in a dry place and a closed container. Empty containers may contain material residues which can ignite with explosive force. Misuse of empty containers can be dangerous if used to store toxic, flammable, or reactive materials. Cutting or welding of empty containers can cause fire, explosion, or release of toxic fumes from residues. Do not pressurize or expose empty containers to open flame, sparks, or heat. Keep container closed and drum bungs in place. All label warnings and precautions must be observed. Return empty drums to a qualified reconditioner. Consult appropriate federal, state and local authorities before reusing, reconditioning, reclaiming, recycling, or disposing of empty containers and/or waste residues of this material.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: Injection of pressurized hydrocarbons can cause severe permanent tissue damage. Initial symptoms may be minor. Injection of petroleum hydrocarbons requires immediate medical attention.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	1	Mixture
Other means of identification	:	Lubricating grease; CITGO [®] Material Code: 655771002 Formerly known as CITGO [®] Premium Lithium EP Grease Semi-Fluid (655771001)

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number : N	Not applicable.
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Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic Residual oils (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed	≥90 ≥25 - ≤50 ≥25 - ≤50	64742-54-7 64742-52-5 64742-62-7
* = Various ** = Mixture *** = Proprietary		

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to process variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	 Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Skin contact	 Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Ingestion	 Wash out mouth with water. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Most important symptoms/e	effects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effe	<u>cts</u>
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	 Injection of pressurized hydrocarbons can cause severe permanent tissue damage. Initial symptoms may be minor.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<u>Over-exposure signs/symp</u>	<u>otoms</u>
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	 In the event of injection in underlying tissue, immediate treatment should include extensive incision, debridement and saline irrigation. Inadequate treatment can result in ischemia and gangrene. Early symptoms may be minimal.
Specific treatments	: Treat symptomatically and supportively.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 5/4/2023

Section 4. First aid measures

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: No specific fire or explosion hazard.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide sulfur oxides phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	 Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- oroonal proceeding, procee		
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	nt	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Move containers from spill area. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.
	Bulk Storage Conditions: Do not apply heat or flame to stockpiled material. Rotate stock to reduce the potential for hot spots. Do not store with oxidizers. Minimize dust creation by keeping material moist and/or covered.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist
Residual oils (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed	ACGIH TLV (United States, 6/2013). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction NIOSH REL (United States, 4/2013). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours.

Appropriate engineering controls	Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker e contaminants.	xposure to airborne
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be they comply with the requirements of environmental protection le cases, vapor controls, filters or engineering modifications to the be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.	egislation. In some
Individual protection meas		
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling cheme eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the wo Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially co Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewa showers are close to the workstation location.	rking period. ntaminated clothing.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

-	
Eye/face protection	: Safety glasses equipped with side shields are recommended as minimum protection in industrial settings. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Avoid inhalation of gases, vapors, mists or dusts. Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

: Solid. [buttery texture]
: Dark amber.
: Mild petroleum odor
: Not available.
: Not available.
: Open cup: >150°C (>302°F) [Estimated]
: <1 (butyl acetate = 1)
: Not applicable.
: <0.13 kPa (<1 mm Hg)
: >10 [Air = 1]
: 0.9
: Estimated 7.5 lbs/gal
: Not available.
: Estimated 26 @ 60 F
: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
: Not available.
: Not available.
: Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: Not expected to be Explosive, Self-Reactive, Self-Heating, or an Organic Peroxide under US GHS Definition(s).
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity				
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
5 51	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Conclusion/Summary	LD50 Oral Rat >5000 mg/kg - Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic: Mineral oil mists derived from highly refined oils are reported to have low acute and sub-acute toxicities in animals. Effects from single and short-term repeated exposures to high concentrations of mineral oil mists well above applicable workplace exposure levels include lung inflammatory reaction, lipoid granuloma formation and lipoid pneumonia. In acute and sub-acute studies involving exposures to lower concentrations of mineral oil mists at or near current work place exposure levels produced no significant toxicological effects. Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic: Mineral oil mists derived from highly refined oils are reported to have low acute and sub-acute toxicities in animals. Effects from single and short-term repeated exposures to high concentrations of mineral oil mists derived from highly refined oils are reported to have low acute and sub-acute toxicities in animals. Effects from single and short-term repeated exposures to high concentrations of mineral oil mists well above applicable workplace exposure levels include lung inflammatory reaction, lipoid granuloma formation and lipoid pneumonia. In acute and			

Acute: > 1310 mg/L (Rat screen level)(4 hours). DRAIZE EYE, Acute: Severe eye irritant. (Rabbit).

: No additional information.

No additional information.No additional information.

: No additional information.

: No additional information.

DRAIZE DERMAL, Acute: Mild to moderate skin irritant. (Rabbit). BUEHLER DERMAL, Acute: Non-sensitizing. (Guinea Pig).

consumption resulting in weight loss and testicular atrophy.

Date of issue/Date of revision

Irritation/Corrosion Not available.

Respiratory Sensitization Not available.

Respiratory

Mutagenicity Not available.

Skin Eyes

Skin

sub-acute studies involving exposures to lower concentrations of mineral oil mists at or near current work place exposure levels produced no significant toxicological effects. **Phosphorodithioic acid, 0,0-di-C1-14-alkyl esters, zinc salts**: INHALATION (LC50),

28-Day DERMAL, Sub-Chronic: Severe skin irritant. (Rabbit). Reported reduced food

Section 11. Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary	OIOGICAL INFORMATION : No additional information.
Carcinogenicity	
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	: No additional information.
Reproductive toxicity	
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	: No additional information.
<u>Teratogenicity</u> Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	: No additional information.
Specific target organ toxici	<u>ty (single exposure)</u>
Not available.	
Specific target organ toxici	<u>ty (repeated exposure)</u>
Not available.	
Aspiration hazard	
Not available.	
Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Routes of entry anticipated: Dermal.
Potential acute health effect	s
Eye contact	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Injection of pressurized hydrocarbons can cause severe permanent tissue damage.
he was the s	Initial symptoms may be minor.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Symptoms related to the phy	vsical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Delayed and immediate offer	cts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure	sts and also chrome enects from short and long term exposure
Potential immediate	: Not available.
effects	
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	
Not available.	
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 5/4/2023 Date of previous issue : 10/31/2022 Version : 4 7/11
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Section 11. Toxicological information

Developmental effects	1	Ν
Fertility effects	1	Ν

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

•				(vapors)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I)
Mystik [®] Lithium Extreme Pressure #00-000	333884.4	70291.0	N/A	N/A	N/A

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity Product/ingredient name Result **Species** Exposure Acute EC50 >10000 mg/l Fresh water Distillates (petroleum), Daphnia - Daphnia magna 48 hours hydrotreated heavy naphthenic Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water Fish - Pimephales promelas 96 hours Algae - Pseudokirchneriella Acute NOEL >100 mg/l Fresh water 72 hours subcapitata : Not available. **Conclusion/Summary**

Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.		
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	-	-	Inherent

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	>6	-	high

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a

8/11

Section 13. Disposal considerations

safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	Not regulated.	Not available.	Not available.
UN proper shipping name	-	Not available.	Not available.
Transport hazard class(es)	-	Not available.	Not available.
Packing group	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

Oil: The product(s) represented by this SDS is (are) regulated as "oil" under 49 CFR Part 130. Shipments by rail or highway in packaging having a capacity of 3500 gallons or more or in a quantity greater 42,000 gallons are subject to these requirements. In addition, mixtures containing 10% or more of this product may be subject to these requirements.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	United States inventory (TSCA 8b) : All components are listed or exempted. Clean Water Act (CWA) 307 : Phosphorodithioic acid, O,O-di-C1-14-alkyl esters, zinc salts; tris(dipentyldithiocarbamato-S,S')antimony; ethylbenzene; naphthalene		
	Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: xylene; ethylbenzene; naphthalene		
	This material is classified as an oil under Section 311 of the Clean Water Act (CWA) and the Oil Pollution Act of 1990 (OPA). Discharges or spills which produce a visible sheen on waters of the United States, their adjoining shorelines, or into conduits leading to surface waters must be reported to the EPA's National Response Center at (800) 424-8802.		
SARA 302/304			
Composition/information or	<u>ingredients</u>		
SARA 304 RQ	: Not applicable.		
<u>SARA 311/312</u>			
Classification	: HNOC - Injection Hazards		
Composition/information or	<u>i ingredients</u>		
No products were found.			
<u>SARA 313</u>			

Section 15. Regulatory information

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	Phosphorodithioic acid, O,O-di-C1-14-alkyl esters, zinc salts	68649-42-3	<2
Supplier notification	Phosphorodithioic acid, O,O-di-C1-14-alkyl esters, zinc salts	68649-42-3	<2

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

Massachusetts	: The following components are listed: OIL MIST, MINERAL; OIL MIST, MINERAL
New York	: None of the components are listed.
New Jersey	: The following components are listed: ZINC compounds
Pennsylvania	: The following components are listed: ZINC COMPOUNDS
California Prop. 65 Cl	ear and Reasonable Warnings (2018)

▲ WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Ethylbenzene, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer, and Lithium carbonate, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name	%	Cancer	Reproductive	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
lithium carbonate	<0.01	No.	Yes.	-	-
ethylbenzene	<0.001	Yes.	No.	Yes.	
naphthalene	<0.001	Yes.	No.	Yes.	

International regulations

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

Inventory list

United States	All components are listed or exempted.	
Australia	Not determined.	
Canada	All components are listed or exempted.	
China	All components are listed or exempted.	
Europe		
Japan	Japan inventory (CSCL): At least one component is not listed. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.	
Malaysia	Not determined	
New Zealand	All components are listed or exempted.	
Philippines	All components are listed or exempted.	
Republic of Korea	Not determined.	
Taiwan	Not determined.	
Thailand	Not determined.	
Turkey	Not determined.	
Viet Nam	Not determined.	

Section 16. Other information

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Procedure used to derive the classification

	Classification	Justification	
Not classified.			
History		-	
Date of printing	: 5/4/2023		
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 5/4/2023		
Date of previous issue	: 10/31/2022		
Version	: 4		
Key to abbreviations	IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition co MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevent	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)	
References	: Not available.		

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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